Model Question Papers:

I sem MCA

P.E.S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, MANDYA-571401 (An Autonomous Institution Under VTU Belgaum) Department of Master of Computer Applications

Mathematics (P08MCA101A)

Credits:	05(4:1:0)
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Max.Marks:100

NOTE:- Answer any <u>FIVE</u> full questions.

1. a) If $\sin\theta = \frac{3}{4}(\theta \text{ is acute angle})$, find the values of i) $\cos\theta$ ii) $\tan\theta$

b) With usual notations, prove that $\cos (A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$

c) Prove that $(1 + \cos\theta + \sin\theta)^n + (1 + \cos\theta - i\sin\theta)^n = 2^{n+1}\cos^n\frac{\theta}{2}\cos\left(\frac{n\theta}{2}\right)$

- 2. a) $\cos \alpha + \cos \beta + \cos \gamma = 0 = \sin \alpha + \sin \beta + \sin \gamma$ Prove that
 - i) $\cos 3\alpha + \cos 3\beta + \cos \gamma = 3\cos(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$
 - ii) $\sin 3\alpha + \sin 3\beta + \sin \gamma = 3\sin(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$
 - b) Express $Cos^8 x$ in terms of cosine series
 - c) Find the cube root of 1 + i and represent them in the Argand diagram.
- 3. a) Define the following with example i) Square matrix ii) Symmetric matrix iii) Orthogonal matrix

b) If
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} B = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 2 & 5 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $C = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$
Verify that A(B+C) = AB + AC.
c). Find the rank of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & -3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ Contd...2
-2-

4.a) Test the consistency and hence solve: 2x + 5y + 7z = 52, 2x + y - z = 0, x + y + z = 9.

b) Find eigen values and eigen vectors of $\begin{pmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$

c) Using Cayley – Hamilton theorem, find the inverse of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

5. a). Find the nth derivative of *i*). $e^{-x} \cos^2 x$ *ii*). $\frac{x}{(x-1)(2x+3)}$ b). If $y = a \cos(\log x) + b \sin(\log x)$, prove that $x^2 y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2+1)y_n = 0$ c). Differentiate $\log(\sin x) + e^{\sin^{-1} x}$ w.r.t x.

- 6. a) Show that the pairs of curves $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$ & $r = b(1 \cos \theta)$ intersect Orthogonally
 - b) Find the pedal equations the curve $r^2 \sin 2\theta = a^2$

c) Evaluate
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{a^x + b^x + c^x + d^x}{4} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

7. a) Evaluate
$$i$$
) $\int \frac{1}{(2x+3)^3} dx$ ii) $\int \frac{1}{1+e^x} dx$
b) Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{5+3\cos x} dx$
c) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x}}{\sqrt{\cos x} + \sqrt{\sin x}} dx$

8. a) Solve:
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \cos(x + y + 1) = -$$

b). Solve: $r\sin\theta - \cos\theta \left(\frac{dr}{d\theta}\right) = r^2$
c). Solve: $(2xy + y - \tan y)dx + (x^2 - x\tan^2 y + \sec^2 y)dy = 0$

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Accounting and Financial Management (P08MCA101B)

Credit: 5

Max Marks:100

Note : Answer any FIVE full questions

a. What do you mean by Marginal costing? Discuss its usefulness and limitation. (05 Marks)b. Using information given below, prepare income statement under absorption costing and

marginal costing for the month of June and July.

i) Data per unit

Selling price	Rs. 50
Material cost	Rs.18
Labour cost	Rs.4
Variable overheads	

Rs.3 ii) Monthly cost.

Fixed production cost Rs. 99,000:Fixed administration cost Rs.40, 000; Variable selling cost 10% of sales revenue; Normal production capacity 11,000 units p.m;. sales in units June 10,000 July 12,000.Production in units June - 12000, July - 10,000 (15 Marks)

- 2 a. What is profit volume ratio? How do you improve it? (05 Marks)
 - b. Swathi Ltd., a multiproduct company furnishes you the following data relating to the year 2004.
 - 1 half of the year 2 half of the year

Total sales	Rs. 4,50,000	5,00,000
Total cost	Rs.4, 00,000	4,30,000
Calculate for the year:		

i)profit volume ratio

ii)Break even sales

- iii) Sales required to make a profit of Rs. 1,00,000,
- iv) Profit when sales are Rs. 7,00,000

v) Percentage of margin of safety.

(15 Marks)

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a. "Cost Accounting has come to an essential tool of management" comment.b. From the following particulars prepare cost sheet for the year ended 31-12-01

	Rs.
Stock of finished goods [1-1-01]	6000
Stock of raw materials [1-1-0]	40,000
Work in progress [1-1-01]	15,000
Purchase of raw materials	4,75,000
Carriage Inward	12,500
Factory rent and taxes	7,250
Other production expenses	43,000
Stock of finished goods [31-12-01]	15,000
Wages	1,75,000
Works manager salary	45,000
Power expenses	9,500
Selling expenses	4,250
General expenses	32,500
Sales for the year	8,60,000
Stock ofraw materials [31-12-01]	50,000
Work in progress [31-12-01]	10,000

(05 Marks)

Discrete Mathematical Structures (P08MCA102)

C	redit :5	
Ti	ime :3 hrs Max.Marks:1	100
	Note: Answer any FIVE full questions	
1	a. Verify whether the following statements are tautologies or not i) $(p \rightarrow) (p vq)$	
	ii) $(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (\neg q)$	
	iii) $((p \land Q) \rightarrow Q)$	(06 Marks)
	b. Prove that for any three propositions P, Q, R	
	$(\neg p \land (\neg Q \land R))v (Q \land R)v (p \land R) \iff R$	(06 Marks)
	c. Obtain the principal disjunctive normal form of $(p \land Q)v$ $(p \land R)v$ $(Q \land R)$	(04 Marks)
	d. Express symbolically and negate" all integers are rational numbers."	(04 Marks)
2	a. Let A, B, C be any three sets. Then i) Show that $(A-B)-C = A - (Bu C)$	
	ii) Show that $(A - B) - C = (A - C) - (B - C)$	(06 Marks)
	b State principle of mathematical induction.	
	P T $1 + 5 + 9 + + (4n-3) = n (2n-1)$ for all positive integers.	(07 Marks)
	c. A five person committee having members M_1, M_2, M_3, M_4 and M_s is to select a	
	President, Vice-President and secretary. 1) How many selections exclude M?	
	11) How many selections include M_2 and M_3 ?	(07.14.1.)
	III) How many selections are there in which M _s is President?	(07 Marks)
3	 a. Let R be a binary relation from A to B. Define converse of R. If R is reflex R⁻¹ necessarily reflexive? If R is symmetric, is R⁻¹ necessarily symm If R is transitive, is R⁻¹ necessarily transitive? 	xive . hetric? (07 Marks)
	b. Define a compatible relation. Let Z+ be the set of all positive integers and R be	a relation on
	Z+ defined by (a, b) E R if and only if a - b is divisible-by S. Prove that R i	s compatible

- Z+ defined by (a, b) E R if and only if a b is divisible-by S. Prove that R is compatible relation on Z+ and also obtain corresponding cover of Z+. (07 Marks)
- c. Define transitive closure. Write the Warshall's algorithm for finding the transitive closure. (06 Marks)
- a. Define partitions of a set. Let R be a symmetric and transitive relation on a set A. Show that if for every a E A, there exists b € A, such that (a, b) € R, then R is an

equivalence relation.

- b. Let (A,R) be a poset with B subset of A. Define
 - i) Lower bound of B
 - ii) Upper bound of B
 - iii) Greatest lower bound of B
 - iv) Least upper bound of B
- c. Define a partially ordered set draw the hasse diagram of the relation R defined as exactly devides on $A = \{2,3,6,12,24,36,72\}$ (06 Marks)
- 5 a. Let f: $X \to Y$ be a function and A X. Define restriction of f to A with one example. If |X| > |Y| then prove that at least two elements of X has the same image in Y (06 Marks)
 - c. Define a characteristic function of a set. Employing characteristic functions, prove that, for any three sets A, B, C.
 An (B uC) = (An B)u (An C) (07 Marks)
- a. Define a simple path and simple circuit of a graph. In a graph with n vertices, if there is a path from vertex V 1 to vertex V 2, then prove that there is a path of no more than n 1 edges from vertex V 1 to vertex V 2. (07 Marks)
 - b. Define an eulerian path. Prove that a graph possesses an eulerian path if it is connected and has either zero or two vertices of odd degree. (07 Marks)
 - c. Define a spanning tree. Write the algorithm to find minimum spanning tree. (06 Marks)
- 7 a. Define multi graph, simple graph, Hamilterian graph with one example each.

(06 Marks)

- b. Show that a tree with n vertices has n -1 edges. (07 Marks)
- c. Define homomorphism of semigroups and mono ids. Let G be a group with respect *. Prove that left and right cancellation law is true for all elements in G. (07 Marks)

8 a. Prove that any two right cosets are either identical or disjoint. (06 Marks) b. If H and K are normal subgroups of a group G. Show that H n K is normal subgroup of G. Is H u K is normal subgroups of G? Explain your answer. (06 Marks)

c. State and prove Lagranges theorem (08 Marks)

Fundamentals of Computer Organization (P08MCA103)

Credit :5 Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1.	a. Perform the following conversions.	
i) (/	$AB6)_{16} = ()_{10}$ ii) $(310)8 = ()_{10}$ iii) $(1001)_2 = ()_{10}$	(06 Marks)
b. (Convent the following Binary number to Decimal number.	
i) (1	$10.01101010_2 = ()_{10}$ ii) $(11.011)_2 = ()_{10}$	(06 Marks)
c.	i) Simplify and Implement it with only OR and NOT gates.	
	F' = XY + X'Y' + Y'Z'	
	ii) Simplify and Implement it with only NAND Gates.	
•	F = AC' + ACE + ACE' + A'CD' + A'D'E'.	(08 Marks)
2.	a. State and Prove De - Morgan;'s Theorem.	(06 Marks)
	b. Determine the minimal SOP and minimal POS for the Boolean function.	
	$f(W, X, Y, Z) = \Sigma (0,3,4,7,8) + \Sigma d(10, 11, 12, 14, 15).$	(04 Marks)
	c. What is Full adder? With the truth table of full adder obtain logical end	xpression for
	sum and carry terms and implement the same using two Half adder?	(10 Marks)
3.	a. With neat Block diagram, explain various functional units of a computer.	(10 Marks)
	b. What is a bus? Explain single bus structure in architecture. (10 Marks)	
4.	a. Explain the following : i) Big- Endian format ii) Little – Endian format	(04 Marks)
	b. What is an addressing mode? Explain different addressing modes.	(10 Marks)
	c. Write an assembly language program to find sum of "N" numbers.	(06 Marks)
5.	a. What are interrupts? Explain two approaches to handling multiple devices.	(06 Marks)
	b. What is bus arbitration? Explain two approaches to handle bus arbitration.	(08 Marks)
-	c. Explain synchronous bus structure with timing diagram.	(06 Marks)
6.	a. Explain working of a static RAM cell.	(05 Marks)
	b. What is the use of cache memories? Explain any one cache mapping function	on. (06 Marks)
	c. Explain the Internal Organization of a 2M×8 dynamic memory chip.	(10 Marks)
7.	a. Explain Booth's algorithm to multiply two signed integers. Illustrate with a	n example.
	b. With a neat diagram, explain floating point addition / subtraction unit.	(10 Marks) (10 Marks)
•		
8.	Write short notes on:	
	a. KISU and UISU b. Assembler Directives	
	c IFFF standards for floating point numbers	
	d. Zero, One, Two, Three address instructions. (20 M	Marks)

Problem Solving using 'C' (P08MCA104)

Credit :5 Time :3 hrs Max.Marks:100

Note : Answer any FIVE full questions

1 a. What is an algorithm? Give and explain the characteristics of an algorithm.

(06 Marks)

- b. Give a precise algorithm to find the GCD (Greatest Common Divisor) of two numbers. Hand simulate the algorithm for the numbers 27 and 18. (06 Marks)
- c. What are the simple data types supported by C programming language? Give and explain the syntax of declaring the variables of these types, using examples (08 Marks)
- 2. a. What are bitwise operators? Explain the bitwise operators supported by C language Using examples. (06 Marks)
 - b. Write a C program to find the roots of the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, your program should read the values of a, b and c from the keyboard. (08 Marks)
 - c. Give the precedence of arithmetic operators in C language. Give the valid 'C' expressions for the following arithmetic expressions, also indicate the steps of computation for x = 5, y = 10. i) $x^3 + 3x^2 + 4y - 10$ ii) $x^2 y^2 + x^3 y + 4xy + 20$. (06 Marks)

3. a. Briefly describe the syntax of printf and scanf functions using examples. (04 marks) b. Write a 'C' program to input a number from 0-9 and display the number in word using

if / if-else statements (Eg: 4 -+ Four). (08 Marks)

c. Write a 'C' program to find the least amongst three numbers using ternary operators only. (08 Marks)

4. a. Explain the looping structures supported by C programming language. Differentiate the looping structures using flowcharts. (06 Marks)

b. Describe the continue, break and exit statements using examples. (06 Marks)

(08 Marks)

c. Write C program to find the sum of even numbers and sum of odd numbers separately from amongst the natural numbers from 1 to n. The program should read the value of n from the keyboard.

a. What is an array? Explain the syntax of declaring the two dimensional array. 5.

		(04 Marks)
b. Write a 'C' program to read a m x n	two dimensional array and exchan	ige the
With Constant AN A		(08 Marks)
c. write a C program to sort N number	ers using a bubble sort technique.	(08 Marks)
a. What is a character array? With example, where the set of the s	mples explain how to input strings	from
b. Write a C program to input a string	and print its reverse without using	library
functions.		(08 Marks)
c. What is a user-defined function? W	rite a C program using functions to	evaluate the
expression $3x^2 + \sin x$. The value of	x is to be passed to the function. (I	Library
function can be used to compute sin	x).	(07 Marks)
a What is a Structure? Give the synta	x for defining a C structure. Also e	xnlain how
the individual members of the structure	ra are accessed	(06 Morka)
h What is a painter? With the half	te die grom eveleig herrite eeesse	(00 Marks)
b. what is a pointer? with the help of	a diagram explain now to access a	a variable
through its pointer.		(06 Marks)
c. Write a C program to create a copy	of a text file.	(08 Marks)
Briefly explain the following:		
a. Dynamic memory allocation	b. Preprocessor directives	
c. Pointers and arrays	d. Unions.	(20 Marks)
	 b. Write a 'C' program to read a m x n elements of the first and last row. c. Write a C program to sort N numbers a. What is a character array? With examples a constrained function of the string functions. c. What is a user-defined function? We expression 3x² + sinx. The value of function can be used to compute sints a. What is a Structure? Give the syntation the individual members of the structure b. What is a pointer? With the help of through its pointer. c. Write a C program to create a copy Briefly explain the following: a. Dynamic memory allocation c. Pointers and arrays 	 b. Write a 'C' program to read a m x n two dimensional array and exchance elements of the first and last row. c. Write a C program to sort N numbers using a bubble sort technique. a. What is a character array? With examples explain how to input strings keyboard. b. Write a C program to input a string and print its reverse without using functions. c. What is a user-defined function? Write a C program using functions to expression 3x ² + sinx. The value of x is to be passed to the function. (If function can be used to compute sinx). a. What is a Structure? Give the syntax for defining a C structure. Also e the individual members of the structure are accessed. b. What is a pointer? With the help of a diagram explain how to access a through its pointer. c. Write a C program to create a copy of a text file. Briefly explain the following: a. Dynamic memory allocation b. Preprocessor directives c. Pointers and arrays d. Unions.

Professional Communications and Ethics (P08MCA105)

Credit :5	
Time: 3 hrs.	

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1	a. Explain the process of communication.b. What are the various levels of human communication? Explain inter person communication.	(10 Marks) nal (10 Marks)
2	a. What are the communication barriers that crop up in message formation a delivery ? List and explain the causes for intra personal barriers.b. Explain the impact of technology for communication.	nd (10 Marks) (10 Marks)
3	a. How listening is an important skill? Explain the traits of a good listener.b. What is body language? Explain the non-verbal communication Kinesics	(10 Marks) (10 Marks)
4	a. Discuss the importance of group communication.b. Explain how you will prepare and conduct meeting.	(10 Marks) (10 Marks)
5	a. What is a Research Paper? Explain how research papers are prepared.b. Why fostering good business ethics is important?	(10 Marks) (10 Marks)
6	a. Explain the professional code of ethics and its benefits.b. Discuss the different aspects of right of privacy.	(10 Marks) (10 Marks)
7	a. What is data encryption? Explain how public key encryption work.b.What is whistle blowing? Outline the steps a whistle blower should conside dealing such situation.	(10 Marks) er while (10 Marks)
8	Write short notes on: a. Grapevine b. Proxemics	

- **c.** Spyware
- d. Safety-critical system.

(20 Marks)



Business Data Processing With COBOL (P08MCA201)

Credits: 06(4:1:1)	Max. Marks:100
Time :3 hrs	

Answer any five of the following:

1. a.	Write the COBOL coding sheet and explain. Explain the significance of each area in COBOL	05 Marks
b	What are literals? Explain various types of literals that are supported by	00 1111115
0.	COBOL.	05 Marks
c.	Why level numbers are used in COBOL explain? When the special level	
	numbers are used in COBOL.	05 Marks
d.	What are user defined data names? List the rules for defining them.	05 Marks
2. a.	Explain the sections that comes under environment division and data	
	division.	04 Marks
b.	What is a picture clause? Discuss all the basic picture code characters.	04 Marks
c.	Explain any two editing and two floating insertion characters with	
	example.	04 Marks
d.	Discuss how variables can be initialized in working-storage section and	
	procedure division with suitable examples.	08 Marks
3. a.	Mention and explain two sequence control verbs with example.	04 Marks
b.	Write a simple program to read the records from a file and write onto	
	another file.	08 Marks
c.	With examples discuss different types of divide and multiply verb.	08 Marks
4. a.	Why usage clause is used in COBOL? Explain synchronized clause.	06 Marks
b.	Compare rounded option and on size error option.	04 Marks
c.	Explain the following with the examples.	
	(i) Add corresponding (ii) Alter statement (iii) Sign clause	
	(iv) Next sentence (v) Justfied clause.	10 Marks
5. a.	With example explain condition-name condition and class condition.	06 Marks
b.	Explain how looping is performed in COBOL with any two syntax.	06 Marks
c.	Explain occurs depending clause and indexing.	08 Marks
6. a.	In which dimension search verb is used. Write a COBOL program using	
	search verb to search a given name in a table.	08 Marks
b.	Read the file and count the number of customers having balance $>$ Rs	
_	50,000/-	12 Marks
7. a.	Write a interactive program using relative file approach to update a	
	record and display the record.	10 Marks
b.	Discuss the structures and uses of various clauses to be defined in file-	
	control paragraph for an index sequential file and relative file.	10 Marks
8.	Write a short notes on :	

- a.
- Merge verb. Subroutine in COBOL. Screen section. b.
- c.
- Redefine clause. d.

20 Marks

Introduction to Unix (P08MCA202)

Credits: 05(3:1:1)	Max. Marks:100
Time :3 hrs	

1. a.	Explain the command, with options to record a session.	(03 Marks)
b.	Explain 3 file categories.	(06 Marks)
c.	Explain UNIX file system with tree structure diagram.	(05 Marks)
d.	Explain Absolute path name and relative pathname with example.	(06 Marks)
2. a.	Explain three modes of vi editor.	(07 Marks)
b.	Explain ls -1 with example.	(07 Marks)
c.	Explain i) cmp ii) comm. iii) diff.	(06 Marks)
3. a.	What are file permissions? How permissions of a regular file may be manipulated? Discuss.	(08 Marks)
b.	Explain chown, chgrp, and umask commands.	(06 Marks)
c.	What are positional parameters? How are they useful in shell script?	(06 Marks)
	Discuss.	
4. a.	What is a shell program? How shell programs are executed? Write a note on read statement.	(08 Marks)
b.	Explain cut, sort and tr commands with example.	(06 Marks)
c.	Write a shell script to find smallest of three numbers that are read from	(06 Marks)
	keyboard.	
5. a.	Explain Mechanism of process creation in detail.	(10 Marks)
b.	Explain the following commands i) ps ii) nice iii) no hup iv) kill with examples	(10 Marks)
6. a.	Explain the grep, egrep, fgrep with examples.	(08 Marks)
b.	Explain Hard link and Symbolic link with example.	(06 Marks)
C.	Write a shell script to find a file with largest size in a given directory and	(06 Marks)
	print it. (Program should recursively search files within subdirectories also)	
7. a.	Who is a super user? What are his duties, responsibilities and privileges?	(10 Marks)
	Discuss.	· /
b.	Write a shell script using expr command to read in a string and display a suitable message if it does not have at least 10 characters.	(06 Marks)
c.	Write a note on df and tar commands.	(04 Marks)
8. a.	Discuss the structure of an awk script. Explain any 3 awk built in variables with an example for each.	(08 Marks)
b.	Write a shell script that compute gross salary of an employee, according to	(08 Marks)
	the rule given below. The Basic salary is input interactively through the keyboard.	
	If basic salary is < 15000 then HRA = 10 % of the basic and DA = 90% of the basic.	
	If basic salary is ≥ 15000 then HRA = 500 and DA = 98% of the basic.	
c.	Write a note on shell function.	(04 Marks)

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Credi Time	ts: 06(4:1:1) Max. Marks:100 :3 hrs	
1.	 (a). Discuss the different data types supported by 'C'. (b). How arrays are organized in memory? Explain now the elements are addressed in one dimensional and two dimensional arrays with examples. (c). Discuss the significant difference between structure and Union in 'C' with example. 	(08) (08) (04)
2.	 (a). Write algorithm for performing PUSH and POP operations with respect to a STACK (b). Convert the following infix expression into prefix and postfix expression ((A (B+C))*D)/(E+F) (c). Write a recursive algorithm to find the factorial of a given number. 	(06) A- (08) (06)
3.	(a). Explain the working principle of a general QUEUE. Discuss the advantages disadvantages of different types of queues.(b). Write an algorithm to perform insertion and deletion operation with respect a queue using arrays.	and (10) a (10)
4.	(a). write an algorithm to create a circular queue using linked list.(b). Write an algorithm to create a list where each node will contain student deta such as USN, name and percentage. Delete a node based on the given USN	(08) ils (12)
5.	 (a). Write a algorithm to create a binary tree (b). Construct a BST for given elements and perform In order, Preorder, and pos order traversals. 	(08) t
6.	 (a). Write an algorithm for D.F.S (b). Write an algorithm for performing quick sort for N numbers (c). Construct an ascending heap for the following list of numbers. 	(12) (06) (08).
7.	 (a). Define index sequential search. Create a table and search for a record in the using same. (b).What is hashing? How collision are resolved in hashing. 	(00) table (12) (08)
8.	Write a short notes on : (5x4 i). ADT ii). Dynamic memory allocation iii). Parameter passing mechanism iv). Advantages of linked lists arrays.	=20) over

P.E.S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, MANDYA-571401 (An Autonomous Institution Under VTU Belgaum)

Department of Master of Computer Applications

Management Information System (P08MCA204)

Credits: 04(3:1:0)	Max. Marks:100
Time :3 hrs	

Note: Answer any Five full questions

1.	a) b) c)	Define a system and explain the various types of systems? Explain waterfall system development model. Define information. Explain the attributes of information.	(08 Marks) (04 Marks) (08 Marks)
2.	a) b) c)	What are the characteristics of information? Explain with a neat diagram an information process. Elaborate on Negandi Estfen model for analysis of management. Explain with example goals, objectives and targets. How are they relevan	human as (07 Marks) (08 Marks) nt to MIS. (05 Marks)
3.	a) b)	Explain the different types of strategies with suitable examples. Explain the prototype approach and life cycle approach and also compar approaches.	(08 Marks) e those (12 Marks)
4.	a) b) c)	Illustrate the key dimensions of change management. What are the four most important factors you would use in evaluating co hardware and software? Explain why. What is Business Process Re-engineering (BPR)? What is role of IT in E	(06 Marks) omputer (08 Marks) BPR. (06 Marks)
5.	a) b) c)	Explain briefly TQM of information system. Explain data processing system. What are the methods for deciding decision alternatives? Explain in deta methods.	(08 Marks) (04 Marks) il any two (08 Marks)
6.	a) b)	List the problems arise while making rational decision? Explain. What is ERP? Discuss its benefits, challenges and causes of failures.	(08 Marks) (12 Marks)
7.	a) b)	With a neat diagram, explain the client-server architecture model. Elaborate on the variety of hardware and software that are used to make functional and effective.	(10 Marks) the Internet (10 Marks)
8.	W	rite a short note on : a) Deterministic v/s probabilistic b) The law of requisite variety c) Model of E-business d) CRM	(20 Marks)

P.E.S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, MANDYA-571401

(An Autonomous Institution Under VTU Belgaum) Department of Master of Computer Applications

Operation Research (P08MCA205)

Credits: 04(3:1:0) Time :3 hrs Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1. a. Define Operation Research. List six main phases of operation research and briefly explain a linear programming model. (10 Marks)
 - b. A glass company has three plants. Aluminum frames are hardware are made in plant 1, wood frames are made in plant 2, and plant 3 produces the glass and assembles the products. The top management has decided to revamp the company's product line. Unprofitable products are being discontinued, releasing production capacity to launch two new product having large scale potentials.

Product 1: An 8 - foot glass door with aluminum framing.

Product 2: A4 x 6 foot double - hung wood framed window. The following data for the glass company is obtained" Find a LP model for the problem. (10 Marks)

	Production 7	Fime per batch, hours Products	
Plant	1	2	Production Time available per week, hours
1	1	0	4
2	0	2	12
3	3	2	18
Profit per batch	RS.30-	RS.50-	2

- 2. a. Old hens can be bought at Rs.20 each and young ones at Rs.50 each. The old hen lay 3 eggs per week and the young one lay 5 eggs per week, each egg being worth Rs.3. A hen costs RS.10 per week to feed. I have only Rs.800 to spend on the hens. How many of each kind should I buy to give a profit of more than Rs.60 per week? Assume that I cannot house more than 60 hens. Solve it graphically. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain the following a) A standard form of the LPP.b) Feasible solution.

c) Optimal solution. d) Slack and surplus variables. e) Basic solution of a LPP.

(10 Marks)

3. a. Solve the following LPP by simplex method. Max $Z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$ Subjected to $x_1 + x_2 \le 4$ $x_1 - x_2 \le 2$ $x1, x2 \ge 0$ (10 Marks) b. Use Big – M method to solve Minimize $Z = 2x_1 + x_2$ Subject to $3x_1 + x_2 = 3$ $4x_1 + 3x_2 \ge 6$ $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 3$, Where $x_1, x_2 = 0$ (10 Marks)

4. a. Use Two – Phase method to Minimize $Z = 7.5x_1 - 3x_2$ Subjected to $3x_1 - x_2 - x_3 \ge 3$ $x_1 - x_2 + x_3 \ge 2$, Where x1, x2, $x_3 \ge 0$ (10 Marks)

- b. Use dual simplex method to solve Max $Z = -3x_1 - 2x_2$ Subjected to $x_1 + x_2 \ge 1$ $x_1 + x_2 \leq 7$ $x_1 + 2x_2 >= 10$ $x_2 \le 3$, Where x1, x2 >= 0 (10 Marks)
- 5. a. State weak duality property and strong duality property and Duality theorem.
 - (06 Marks) b. Briefly explain the role of Duality theory in sensitive analysis . (07 Marks) c. Write the dual of the LPP Minimize $Z = 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3$, Subject to $2x_1 + 3x_2 + 5x_3 \ge 2$, $3x_1 + x_2 + 7x_3 = 3$, $x_1 + 4x_2 + 6x_3 \le 5$ $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ and x_3 is unrestricted. (07 Marks)
- 6. a. Solve the traveling salesman problem shown below where city 1 is his home city.

(10 Marks)



b. Briefly explain three prominent types of metaheuristics. (10 Marks)

	ionowing	uan	spor	tatio	n pro	oble	m.	(10 Marks)
Destination								
		Α	В	С	D			
Source	Ι	21	16	25	13	11		
	II	17	18	14	23	13	Availability	
	III	32	27	18	41	19		
Requirem	ent	6	10	12	15	43		
b. Solve the follo	owing assi	gnm	ent p	orob	lem.			(10 Marks)
		Ι	II	III	IV	V		
	1	11	17	8	16	20)	
	2	9	7	12	6	15	5	
	3	13	16	15	12	16)	
	4	21	24	17	28	26	5	
	5	14	10	12	11	13	}	
8. a. Reduce the follo	wing gam	le by	don	ninai	nce a	ind f	find the game value.	(10 Marks)
					_			
			P	ayeı	rВ			
		-	P]]	layeı I II	r B [] I	II I	V	
	Player A	I	P]]	layei I II 3 2	r B [] I 2	II 1 4	V 0	
	Player A	I II	P]]	layei I II 3 2 3 4	r B [] I 2 1	II 1 4 2	V 0 4	
	Player A	I II III	P]]	layei 3 2 3 4 4 2	r B [] I 2 4 2	II 1 4 2 4	V 0 4 0	
	Player A	I II III IV	P]]	layer I II 3 2 3 4 4 2 0 4	r B [1 2 4 2 4	II 1 4 2 4 0	V 0 4 0 8	
b. Solve the game	Player A given belo	I II III IV ow by	P]] y gra	layer 1 11 3 2 3 4 4 2 0 4	r B [I 2 4 2 4 c me	II I 4 2 4 0 thod	V 0 4 0 8	(10 Marks)
b. Solve the game	Player A given belo	I II III IV ow by	P] y gra E	layer 1 11 3 2 3 4 4 2 0 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	r B [] I 2 4 2 4 c me	II I 4 2 4 0 thod	V 0 4 0 8	(10 Marks)
b. Solve the game	Player A given belo	I II IV ow by y	P y gra E	layer $\begin{bmatrix} II \\ 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 $	r B [I 2 4 2 4 c me	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \text{II} & \text{I} \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 0 \\ \text{thod} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{y}_4 \\ 5 \end{array} $	V 0 4 0 8	(10 Marks)
b. Solve the game	Player A given belo	I II IV ow by y	y gra E	layer $\begin{bmatrix} II \\ 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 $	r B [I 2 4 2 4 c me 7 1	II I 4 2 4 0 thod y_4 5 ϵ	V 0 4 0 8	(10 Marks)
b. Solve the game	Player A given belo A x	I II IV IV f_1 1 f_2 7	P y gra E 9 (layer $\begin{bmatrix} II \\ 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 $	r B [I 2 4 2 4 c me 7 14	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \text{II} & \text{I} \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 0 \\ \text{thod} \\ y_4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 4 \end{array} $	V 0 4 0 8	(10 Marks)
b. Solve the game	Player A given belo A x	I II IV V v v v v v v v v v v	P y gra E y 9 (2	ayer III 3 2 3 2 4 2 0 4 10 4 <	r B [I 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 7 14 18 13	II 1 4 2 4 0 thod y_4 5 6 4	V 0 4 0 8	(10 Marks)

III sem MCA

System Programming (P08MCA301)

Credits : 05(3:1:1) Time : 3 hrs Max. Marks : 100

Note: Answer any *FIVE* full questions.

1.	a. b. c.	Define System Software. Give examples for System Software Write the difference between system software and application software. Explain the data formats, instruction formats and addressing modes of SIC/XE Machine architecture. List the differences between CISC and RISC machines	(06 Marks) (10 Marks) (04 Marks)
2.	а. b. c.	Discuss the need for a two pass assembler and explain its functions. What are assembler directives? Explain the following assembler directive i) EQU ii) START iii) LOCCTR What is Program relocation? How will you solve the relocation problem?	(08 Marks) s 2(06 Marks)
3.	a. b. c.	Differentiate between a Literal and immediate operand with an example. Explain MASM assembler in detail. How Forward references are handled in multipass assembler?	(04 Marks) (10 Marks) (06 Marks)
4.	a.	Mention the basics functions of a loader. Explain the concept of Absolute	loader
	b.	With reference to Loader design options Explain the concept of Linking land Linkage Editor with a neat diagram	(10 Marks) oader (10 Marks)
5.	a. b.	Explain the structure of a text editor in detail. Explain different Data structures we used in a Macro processors	(10 Marks) (10 Marks)
6.	a. b.	 What do you mean by a Macro. Explain macro definition and expansion with proper example. Explain with reference to Macro processor i) The concept of Concatenation of Macro ii) Parameters and Generation of Unique Labels 	(10 Marks) (10 Marks)
7.	a. b.	Explain the structure of LEX program with an example. Write a LEX program to count the number of characters, words and lines	(08 Marks)
	c.	in a given file. Explain following terms with respect to LEX with an example i) yylex() ii) yywrap() iii) yyin()	(06 Marks) (06 Marks)

- 8. Write a Short note on:
 - a. Automatic Library searchb. Dynamic Linkingc. MS Dos Linker

 - d. Symbol Defining Statements

(20 Marks)

Max. Marks: 100

Time	e : 3 hrs	
	Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.	
1 a.	What is Multiplexing? Explain the working of STDM and FDM with their limitations.	5
b.	Explain the functionalities of OSI model and Internet Architecture.	10
c.	Consider a point - to - point link 20km in length. At what bandwidth would	
	propagation delay (at a speed of 2×10^8 m/sec) equal transmit delay for 100-byte packet? What about 512 – byte packets?	5
2 a.	What is encoding? Explain the different encoding schemes with waveforms.	10
b.	Suppose we want to transmit the message 11001001 and protect it from errors using the CRC polynomial $x^2 + 1$.	
	i) Use polynomial long division to determine the message that should be transmitted.	10
	ii) Suppose the leftmost bit of the message is inverted due to noise on the transmission link. What is the result of the receivers CRC calculation? How does the receiver know that an error has occurred?	Ĩ
3 a.	Explain ARQ stop and wait algorithm with time lines showing various scenarios.	10
b.	Explain the functionality of Ethernet (802.3). Give its frame format and merits and demerits.	10
4 a.	Discuss the spanning tree algorithm for a particular LAN.	7
b.	Discuss IPV4 packet header with neat diagram.	6
c.	Explain the functional block diagram of a Router with its implementation.	7
5 a.	Describe the Routing for Mobile Hosts with the help of a neat diagram.	10
b.	Explain inter domain Routing (BGP). Give an example of a network running BGP.	10
6 a.	Explain the format for UDP header and UDP message queue.	6
b.	Describe the process for connection establishment and connection termination using Three – way Handshake protocol.	8
c.	Explain briefly effective resource allocation scheme.	6
7 a.	What is DNA? Explain the DNS message format.	7
b.	Explain how SMTP plays a role in transferring Internet e – mail.	7
c.	Discuss the issues that affects the QoS of VoIP.	6
8	Write short notes on.	
	a) SONET	
	b) WiMAX (802.16)	20
	c) Internetwork.	

d) FTP.

Credits : 05(4:1:0)

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Object Oriented programming with C++ (P08MCA303) Credits : 05(3:1:1) Max. Marks : 100 Time : 3 hrs

		Note : Answer any FIVE full questions	
1	a.	Explain the concept of object oriented programming. Bring out the	
		salient structured programming & object oriented programming.	(10 marks)
	b.	Define Qualifiers. Explain its types with an example	(06 marks)
	c.	Explain how new & delete operators manage memory allocation	× ,
		dynamically	(04 marks)
2	a.	What are the advantages of using functions? Explain function	
		prototyping and parameter passing mechanism.	(10 marks)
	b.	What is a generic function? Write a C++ program to create a template	
		function for bubble sort and demonstrate the sorting of integers and	(10 marks)
		floats.	
3	a.	Define class and object. With an example explain the concept of data	
		encapsulation and accessing of member functions.	(06 marks)
	b.	What is friend function? Explain with a C++ program to demonstrate	
		the usage of friend function.	(10 marks)
_	c.	Explain static data members and static member functions.	(04 marks)
4	a.	Explain the concept of constructors and destructors with example.	(07 marks)
	b.	Write a note on scope resolution operator	(03 marks)
_	C.	Explain operator overloading using friend functions for ++ and	(10 marks)
5	a.	What is inheritance? Explain how to pass parameters to base class	
		constructors	(10 marks)
	b.	Explain the concept of inheriting multiple base classes.	(04 marks)
(C.	Explain the virtual base class concept with C++ program	(06 marks)
6	a.	Distinguish between virtual and pure virtual functions.	(08 marks)
	b.	Discuss how the virtual functions are hierarchical?	(07 marks)
7	C.	What is early and late binding?	(05 marks)
/	a.	Create a class STRING & implement the following. Display the	
		results by overloading the operator \propto after every operation.	
		STRING S $I = V I U$ STRING S $I = " DELCALIM"$	
		STRING ST = DELUAUM STRING S2 = S1 + S2: Use conv constructor	(10 morks)
	h	STRING $55 - 51 + 52$, Use copy constructor.	(10 marks)
	U.	what is a class template? Discuss class template with multiple	(10 mortes)
Q		Write short notes on the following:	(10 marks)
0		a this pointe	
		a. this pointe b. file input and output	
		c Access specifiers	
		d I/O streams in C++	(20 marks)
			(20 marks)

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Database Management System (P08MCA304)

Credits : 05(3:1:1)	Max. Marks : 100
Time : 3 hrs	

Note : Answer any FIVE full questions.

1	a.	With a neat diagram explain the architecture of Data Base Management Systems.	(10 marks)
	b.	Explain the three-schema architecture.	(06 marks)
	c.	What are the main responsibilities of DBA?	(04 marks)
2	a.	With a neat diagram, explain the main phases of the database design process.	(08 marks)
	b.	Write an ER diagram for a banking system by assuming atleast four entities.	(08 marks)
	c	Define the following terms	(*********)
	•••	i) Weak Entity ii) Descriptive attribute	(04 marks)
3	а	Discuss the following with examples	(01 1111115)
5	u.	i) Select ii) Project iii) division iv) Cartesian product	
		y) referential integrity constraints	(10 marks)
	h	Consider the following relational schema and answer the following queries using	(10 marks)
	0.	relational algebra	
		EMP (Name SSN Bdate Address Sex Salary SSSN DNO)	
		Department (Dname DNO MSSN Msdate)	
		Dept. Ioc (DNO, DLOC)	
		Project (Pname Pno PLOC DNO)	
		Works ON (ESSN PNO HOURS)	
		Dependent (ESSN Drame Sex Edate relationship)	
		i) Petrieve the names of all Employees in $dNO = 5$ who work more than	
		10 hrs/week on product 'X' project	
		ii) For each department retrieve the department name, and the average salary	
		of all the Employees working in that department	
		iii) List the names of all department managers who have no dependents	
		iv) Retrieve the average salary of all female Employees	(10 marks)
1	9	Explain join operations in SOI	(10 marks)
т	a. h	Explain join operations in SQL Explain with example i) Create - both view and table ii) Alter	(00 marks)
	0.	iii) Delete iv) Undate v) Insert	(10 marks)
	C	Discuss views in SOI	(10 marks)
5	с. э	Consider the following relations	(04 11101 KS)
5	а.	S(SNo, Sname status city)	
		D(DNo, Dname, colour, weight city)	
		$SP(SN_0, PN(0, Otv))$ Write the following queries in SOI	
		i) Get PNO for parts, which have more than two shipments	
		i) Get SNO for suppliers who supply at least one part supplied by S2	
		ii) Detrieve the details of shipments whose quantity is known	
		iv) Petrieve all the parts cities and supplier cities	
		y) Create a view to select part name, color and Quantity supplied by the supplier 100	(10 marks)
	h	How are outer join operations different from the join operations? Evaluation the left	(10 marks)
	υ.	outer join right outer join and full outer join with avamples	(10 marks)
6	0	Define:	(10 marks)
0	a.		

		i) Functional dependency.	
		ii) Multivalued Dependency.	(05 marks)
	b.	Discuss Insertion, Deletion and Updation anamolies by taking suitable examples.	(09 marks)
	c.	Explain 3NF with an example.	(06 marks)
7	a.	Explain ACID properties of a transaction.	(10 marks)
	b.	Explain strict 2PL.	(10 marks)
8		Write short notes on:	
		I) Data Models.	
		ii) Concurrency Control.	
		iii) Serializability.	
		iv) Check Pointing.	(20 marks)

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Operating Systems	s (P08MCA305)
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Credits : 05(4:1:0)	Max. Marks : 100
Time : 3 hrs	

Note : Answer any FIVE full questions.

1	a. b. c. a. b. c.	Explain in detail i) Multi processor system Explain the service provided b Explain the layered architectu What is process control block ⁴ Differentiate among the short Consider the following set of p	ii) Dual is by the operating re of the operation ? Describe the term, medium processes with	mode operatio g system. ting system. contents of pro- term and long the length of 0	ons ocess control block. ; term scheduling. CPU burst given in mi	(10 marks) (06 marks) (04 marks) (06 marks) (06 marks) Ili secs.
		Process	s Burst tim	e Priority		
		P_1	8	4		
		P ₂	2	1		
		P ₃	2	3		
		P_4	3	3		
		P ₅	5	2		
3	a. b. c.	All processes arrived at time0 non preemptive priority (a sma 1) scheduling. Also find the av algorithm. Explain the resources allocation What is safe state in a system Using the following snap shot algorithm	in the given or allest number i verage waiting on graph technic of a system, an	der. Draw Ga mplies higher time for each que to detect nswer the ques	ntt charts using FCFS, priority) and RR (qua process for each scheo dead lock in a system. stions using Banker's	SJF, a ntum = luling (08 marks) (06 marks) (04 marks)
		Process	Allocation	Max	Available	
			ABCD	АВС	D A B C D	
		\mathbf{P}_{0}	0 0 1 2	0 0 1	2 1 5 2 0	
		\mathbf{P}_1	$1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0$	1 7 5	0	
		\mathbf{P}_2	1 3 5 4	2 3 5	6	
		P ₃	0 6 3 2	0 6 5	2	
		P_4	0 0 1 4	0 6 5	6	
		What is the content of need m request be granted immediatel	atrix? If a requ ly?	est from P ₂ ar	rive for (1,0,0,2) can	the (10 marks)
4	a.	Define critical section problem	n and explain t	he necessary c	characteristics of a corr	rect (06 marks)
	b.	What is fragmentation? Expla	in their types w	vith examples		(06 marks)
	с.	Explain paging hardware with	translation loc	ok aside buffer	r.	(08 marks)
5	a.	What is a Page fault? What ac	tions does oper	rating system	take when a page fault	

		occurs?	(08 marks)
	b.	What are the causes of thrashing?	(04 marks)
	c.	Explain 2-level directory system.	(08 marks)
6	a.	Explain the file allocation methods with their merits and demerits.	(12 marks)
	b.	Explain any four disk scheduling algorithm.	(08 marks)
7	a.	What is Access matrix? Discuss the implementation of Access matrix.	(10 marks)
	b.	Explain the concept of user authentication.	(04 marks)
	c.	Explain inter process communication in Linux system.	(06 marks)
8		Write short notes on any FOUR:	
	a.	System calls	
	b.	Belady's Anomaly	
	c.	Multi level feed back Queue.	
	d.	Page replacement.	
	e.	Recovery from deadlock.	(20 marks)

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IV sem MCA

P.E.S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, MANDYA-571401 (An Autonomous Institution Under VTU Belgaum) Department of Master of Computer Applications

Software Engineering (P08MCA401)

Credits : 05(4:1:0)	
Time : 3 hrs	

Max. Marks : 100

Note : Answer any five full questions

1) a.)	What is software Engineering ? How is it different from system engineering. Explain system engineering process with a neat	10 marks
	diagram	
b)	What are the professional and ethical responsibilities of software	10 marks
/	engineers ? Explain system procurement process.	
2) a)	What are the different types of critical systems? Explain	10 marks
	dimensions of dependability and security assurance.	
b)	In detail explain waterfall model. Mention its merits and demerits	10 marks
3) a)	What is DFD? Write the symbols used in DFD's .Draw the	10 marks
	context level diagram of al ATM system.	
b)	Explain the structure of requirement document.	10 marks
4) a)	List different stages of object oriented design. Explain any 2	10 marks
	stages. Explain modular decomposition styles.	
b)	In detail explain the principles of user interface design.	10 marks
5) a)	What is Agile methods. Explain the principles and problems with	10 marks
	agile methods	
b)	Explain in detail software maintenance, it's types, cost and cost	10 marks
	factors.	
6) a)	What are the stages of Static Analysis. Explain in detail clean-	10 marks
	room process with figure.	
b)	Explain in detail Stress testing, interface testing and structural	10 marks
	testing.	
7) a)	What are the factors that leads to manage people. State different	10 marks
	types of human needs hierarchy and also explain factors	
	influencing group working.	
b)	What are the different typed of estimation techniques. Explain	10 marks
	COCOMO model for cost estimation.	
8)	Write short notes on :	5*4=20
	a) key challenges faced by software engineers.	
	b) Types of requirements	
	c) Risk management process	

d) Debugging and testing process

Web Programming (P08MCA402)

	Credits : 05(3:1:1) M Time : 3 hrs	ax. Marks : 100
	Note : Answer any five full questions	
1. a. b.	What is a Web server? Explain its operation and characteristics. Explain the phases of HTTP protocol.	(06 Marks) (06 Marks)
c.	Explain various types of lists that can be used in an HTML document, example.	with an (08 Marks)
2. a.	Write an HTML program to create a registration form with the followind details.	ng
	submit and reset button	(10 Marks)
h	Explain various selector forms used in CSS with example	(10 Marks)
3 a	Explain Box model (Table property) with respect to CSS	(06 Marks)
b. u.	Briefly explain the uses of Java script	(04 Marks)
с. С	Explain any five array methods used in Java script	(10 Marks)
4 a	Explain document object model structure for a simple document	(04 Marks)
h	Explain the various events that can be handled in Java script	(10 Marks)
c.	Explain event propagation and event handler registration with respect t	o DOM2
•.	event model	(06 Marks)
5. a.	Explain different types of positioning elements with illustrations.	(10 Marks)
b.	What is DTD? Explain how to declare elements, attributes, and entities	s in DTD. (10 Marks)
6. a.	Explain XML schemas.	(10 Marks)
b.	Mention different categories of variables in perl. Explain with an exam	ples
	each	(10 Marks)
7. a.	Write a perl program which creates a hash table containing country nar and their capitals as values and perform the following: i) Print all pair of values (country name and capital)	nes keys
	i) Accent country name and print the capital of it	(10 Marks)
h	What is CGI? How data can be passed in CGL using GET and POST m	ethods
0.	with example	(10 Marks)
8	Write short notes on:	(10 Whatks)
ว. ิ ิ ิ ิ	Web browsers	
h.	Font properties with respect to CSS	
с. С	XHTML document structure	
d.	Cookies.	(20 Marks)

Design and Analysis of Algorithms (P08MCA403) Credits : 05(3:1:1) Max. Marks : 100 Time : 3 hrs

- 1 a. What is an algorithm? Explain the various stages of algorithm design and analysis process using a flow chart. 10 Marks)
 - b. Define the following:
 - i) Special types of list.
 - ii) Paths and cycles.
 - iii) Sets and Dictionaries.
 - c. Convert the following rooted tree into a binary tree using the first child-next sibling representation. (04 Marks)



Fig.1(c)

- **2** a. List the steps involved in analyzing efficiency of non recursive algorithm. Write an algorithm to multiply two n x n matrices and analyze. (12 Marks)
 - b. Prove that: If $t_1(n) \in O(g_1(n))$ and $t_2(n) \in O(g_2(n))$

then
$$t_1(n) + t_2(n) \in O(\max\{g_1(n), g_2(n)\})$$
 (06 Marks)

- c. Solve the following recurrence relation: i) x(n) = x(n/2) + n for n > 1, x(1) = 1 (solve for $n = 2^k$) (02 Marks)
- **3** a. What is Brute force method?

(02 Marks)

(06 Marks)

b. Write the brute force string matching algorithm and analyse it for the time complexities.

(08 Marks)

- c. Write a quick sort algorithm and apply it to sort the list E, X, A, M, P, L, E. (10 Marks)
- 4 a. Describe Stressen's matrix multiplication and evaluate the asymptotic efficiency. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain decrease-and-conquer algorithm design technique. what are its variations? (05 Marks)

c. Apply the DFS-based algorithm to solve the topological sorting problem for the digraph shown in Fig.Q4(b).



(05 Marks)

- 5 a. Write the bottom-up heap construction algorithm. Using the above algorithm heapify the following list of numbers
 2, 7, 3, 6, 4, 8, 9 (08 Marks)
 - b. Solve the following Knapsack problem using dynamic programming. (12 Marks)

Capacity w=5 Item 1 2 Weight 2 1 Value (Ps) 12 10 7	Item	1	2	3	4
	3	2			
	Value (Rs)	12	10	20	15

- 6 a. What is input enhancement? Apply this approach to design a linear sorting and trace the algorithm for the list of numbers13, 11, 12, 13, 12, 12 (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain Prim's algorithm and apply it for the following graph to find the minimum spanning tree. (10 Marks)



- 7 a. What is back tracking? Apply back tracking to solve the following instance of the subset sum of the given problem: $S = \{1, 3, 4, 5\}$ and d=12. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain Branch-and-Bound technique and solve the assignment problem for the following instance. (10 Marks)

	Cost Matrix			
	Job I	JobII	Job III	Job IV
Person A	9	2	7	8
Person B	6	4	3	7
Person C	5	8	I	9
Person D		6	9	4)

8 Write short notes on:

- a. Johnson Trotter algorithm for generating permutations
- b. 2-3 trees
- c. Huffman trees
- d. NP and NP-Complete problems

(20 Marks)

Information Storage And Management (P08MCA414) Credits : 05(4:1:0) Max. Marks : 100 Time : 3 hrs

1 1111			_		
1 a)	Degewiles	Note: Answer any FIVE full questions	5		
1. a)	Describe t	ne key requirements of Data Center Elements.	5		
b)	Explain th of ILM.	e activities of process of developing an ILM strategy and give the benefits	5		
c)	With neat	diagram explain Zoned Bit recording and Logical Block Addressing.	7		
d)	What are S	Seek Time, Rotational Latency and Block Level Access.	3		
2. a)	Explain N	ested RAID, RAID – 4 and RAID – 5 with neat diagram.	12		
b)	With a nea	at diagram explain the Read operation and Write operation with cache.	8		
3. a)	Explain th	e Architecture of SCSi – 3 also explain SCSi – 3 client – server model.	10		
b)	Explain w	ith neat diagram different types of Zoning.	10		
4. a)	Explain th	e different factors that affects NAS performance at different levels.	10		
b)	With neat	diagram explain the Topologies for iSCSi connectivity.	10		
5. a)	Explain th	e Features and Benefits of CAS.	7		
b)	Define the	e different types of Archives based on the means of access.	3		
c)	Explain th	e different forms of virtualization.	10		
6. a)	With neat analysis.	diagram explain single point of failure and Fault tolerance in failure	10		
b)	With neat environme	diagram explain server based backups and serverless backups in NAS ent.	10		
7. a)	Explain w	ith neat diagram pointer based virtual replication.	10		
b)	Explain w remote rep	with neat diagram Storage Array based Synchronous and Asynchronous plication.	10		
8. a)	Write show	rt notes on			
	i)	Controlling user Access to Data			
	ii)	Protecting the Storage Infrastructure			
	iii)	Data encryption			
	iv)	Controlling administrative access	10		
b)	Explain th	e different Storage Management Activities.	10		
	@ @ @ @ @ @				

Topics in Enterprise Architecture - 1 (P08MCA421) Credits : 05(4:1:0) Max. Marks : 100 Time : 3 hrs

Thic	Note : Answer any FIVE full questions	
1) a	Explain the special features of Java	(08 Marks)
b.	What is type casting? Illustrate with an example. What is meant by	(00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
	automatic type promotion?	(08 Marks)
c.	Explain the operations of the following operators with examples:	
	i) >>> ii) &&	(04 Marks)
2) a.	Explain the following with examples :	
	i) final class ii)abstract class	(06 Marks)
b.	Write a Java program to read data from keyboard up to N names and	
	sort them in alphabetical order.	(10 Marks)
c.	Describe the following constructs with examples :	
	i) labeled break ii) labeled continue	(04 Marks)
3) a.	What is exception? How does Java handle exceptions? List some of the most common types of exceptions that might occur in Java.	(10 Marks)
b.	What are interfaces? What are their benefits? Explain how it is	(10 Marks)
	implemented in java with suitable examples	
4) a.	Explain Inner class and it's access protection with suitable examples	(06 Marks)
b.	What are applets? How it is different from application program?	(09 Marks)
	Explain how parameters are passed to applet program	
c.	What is synchronization? When do we use it?	(05 Marks)
5) a.	How inter thread communication is done in Java?	(04 Marks)
b.	Develop a program to create multithreads with different priorities	(08 Marks)
с.	Explain any four event listener models	(08 Marks)
6) a.	Write the JDBC procedure for the following:	
	1) Getting connection to different database	
	11) To create and execute SQL statements	
1	111) I ransaction processing statements	(06 Marks)
b.	Write a short note on components and containers in swings	(0/ Marks)
c.	Write short note on RMI	(0/ Marks)
/) a.	why it is necessary to deploy service into webservers? what are the	(07 Marks)
1-	lypes of services?	(OC Manles)
D.	Discuss JSP lags	(06 Marks)
C.	Write short notes on the following :	(00 Marks)
0)	a Applet life evalu	(20 Marks)
	a. Applet IIIE Cycle b. Dynamic method dispatch	
	c Cookies	
	d IVM	

	System Simulation and Modeling (P08MCA501)
Credits : 05(4:1:0)	Max. Marks : 100
Time : 3 hrs	

	Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.			
1 a)	Define Simulation. Briefly explain the advantages and disadvantages of simulation	10		
b)	Briefly explain the various steps involved in simulation process. Draw necessary	10		
2)	now utagram.			
2 a)	A small shop has one check out counter. Customers arrive at this counter at random from 1 to 10 minutes anart. Each possible value of inter arrival time has			
	the same probability of occurrence equal to 0.10. The service time very from 1			
	to 6 minutes with probability shown below:			
	Service time 1 2 2 4 5 6			
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10		
	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	10		
	Average time systemer grands in the system. Use the following random digits			
	Average time customer spends in the system. Use the following random digits			
	for arrivals and service respectively as $01, 72, 15, 04, 20, 02, 75, 22, 20$ (Arrivala)			
	91, 72, 13, 94, 50, 92, 73, 25, 50 (AIIIVals) 94, 10, 74, 52, 17, 70, 01, 67, 90, 29			
b)	64, 10, 74, 55, 17, 79, 91, 07, 69, 56.	10		
$\frac{0}{2}$	Explain the different world views used in simulation with exemples	10		
(3 a)	Explain the different world views used in simulation with examples.	10		
(0)	Explain Discrete and continuous random variables. Give example for each.	10		
$(4 \ a)$	Why random numbers are required? What are the important characteristics of	10		
0)	random numbers routines? Explain briefly	10		
5 a)	Generate five random numbers and hence test for uniformity by KS test. Given			
5 u)	$X_0=117$ a=43 and m=1000 $\alpha=0.05$	10		
b)	(a) From the following sequence, test for auto correlation at 5% level of significance			
0)	of 3^{rd} 8^{th} 13 th so on			
	0.69 0.87 0.23 0.28 0.98 0.31 0.65 0.28 0.83	10		
	0.93 0.99 0.15 0.33 0.35 0.91 0.41 0.60 0.27	10		
	0.57 0.88 0.86 0.49 0.05 0.43 0.95 0.58 0.19			
	0.36 0.12 0.01			
6 a)	Explain the inverse transform technique for the exponential and uniform	10		
,	distributions.			
b)	Explain in detail the four important steps of development of input model.	10		
7 a)	Explain the output analysis for Terminating simulations.	10		
b)	Differentiate between verification and validation of simulation models. Suggest	10		
,	the techniques which help in verification.	10		
8	Write short note on:			
	a) Quantile – Quantile plot b) Principles of model building	20		

c) Stochastic nature of output data d) Simulation tools

Object Oriented Modeling and Design Patterns (P08MCA502) Credits : 05(3:1:1) Max. Marks : 100 Time : 3 hrs

Note : Answer any FIVE full questions.

1 a)	What is a model? What purpose does it serve?	(08 Marks)
0)	what are mikes and association? while UNIL holation for mikes and	
	association and explain with an example. Explain quanned associations	(12 Mortra)
2	What is a compaction and compacition? How is a compaction different	(12 Marks)
2 a)	what is aggregation and composition? How is aggregation different	$(10 M_{\odot})$
1)	rom composition? Give their respective UNIL notations with example	(10 Marks)
(D)	what is an event? Explain different types of events with example	(10 Marks)
3 a)	Draw use-case diagram for vending machine. What are the guidelines	
	needed to be followed while drawing use-case diagrams?	(10 Marks)
b)	How can you represent branching and concurrency in activity diagram?	(10 Marks)
4 a)	Explain the stages of software development	(10 Marks)
b)	Write and explain the steps performed in constructing a domain state	
	model.	(10 Marks)
5 a)	Explain the steps followed in constructing application class model with	
	the diagram	(10 Marks)
b)	Explain architecture of the ATM system with diagram	(10 Marks)
6 a)	Explain the different tasks involved in design optimization with	× ,
,	appropriate UML diagram	(09 Marks)
b)	What is Reverse Engineering? Compare Reverse Engineering Vs	,
,	Forward Engineering	(11 Marks)
7 a)	List and explain the three categories of pattern in detail	(12 Marks)
b)	What is view handler design pattern? Explain the class diagram of view	(
0)	handler that shows the structure of view handler nattern	(08 Marks)
8 2)	What are forward-receiver design natterns? Write and explain the steps	(00 11111185)
0 <i>a</i>)	to implement a forward receive design	(10 Marks)
b)	What are Idiams? How they are helpful in selecting entimized solution	(10 Marks)
UJ	for a given problem?	(09 Marta)
	tor a given problem?	(US Marks)

Software Testing	(P08MCA503)
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Credits : 03(2:1:0)	Max. Marks : 50
Time : 11/2 hr	

Note : Answer any FIVE full questions

1.	Explain human error, fault, failure with the neat diagram and list out	10 marks
	the software quality attributes	
2.	In detail explain test metrics	10 marks
3.	List different classifiers that serve to classify testing techniques.	10 marks
	With example explain in detail C1 classifier	
4.	How faults are targeted in equivalence partitioning. Explain in detail	10 marks
	equivalence classes for variables	
5. a)	Explain in detail systematic procedure for equivalence partitioning	5 marks
b)	Briefly explain Boundary value analysis	5 marks
6.	With an example explain step by step approach for decision table	10 marks
	from cause effect graph	
7.	Explain statement testing, branch testing, condition testing, path	10 marks
	testing with formulas	
8.	In detail explain test oracles with the figure	10 marks

Topics in Enterprise Architecture - II (P08MCA531) Credits : 05(4:1:0) Max. Marks: 100 Time : 3 hrs

Note : Answer any FIVE full questions.

1	a.	Explain the basic building blocks of .NET platform along with the role of the base class libraries	10 marks
	b.	Explain the structure of .NET assembly.	05 marks
	c.	What are namespace? List and explain the purpose of any three namespaces.	05 marks
2	a.	What do you mean by C# preprocessor directives? With an example, explain how to specify code regions?	06 marks
	b.	Differentiate between single file and multifile assemblies.	04 marks
	c.	Explain the various output options availale with C# compiler.	10 marks
3	a.	Differentiate between value types and reference types. What is method parameter modifier? Explain with code snippets at least two such modifiers.	10 marks
	b.	Using methods System.String class, design a C# method which replaces all occurrences of the word "computer" with COMPUTER.	06 marks
	c.	What is boxing and unboxing? Explain with an example for each.	04 marks
4	a.	What is encapsulation? What are the two ways of enforcing encapsulation? Give examples for both the methods.	10 marks
	1.	Consider the fallowing historychy of alagaan	10

Consider the following hierarchy of classes. b.

10 marks



Write a C# program to create the above classes. Create two instances of each. Call calculate() and print the new details.

5 What do you understand by exception in C#? Illustrate the use of System.Exception 10 marks a. base class in throwing generic exceptions.

- b. How does .NET framework manage garbage collection? Explain using IDisposable 10 marks interface.
- 6 a. Explain three methods to obtain interfaces. 08 marks b. Distinguish between shallow and deep copy, as applied to cloning. How would you 12 marks implement cloning for a custom class using ICloneable interface? Explain single cast and multicast delegates on C# with examples. 10 marks 7 a. What do you understand by event-based programming in C#? Give an example. 10 marks b.
- Write the steps involved in building a shared assembly under .NET environment. 8 10 marks a. 10 marks
 - Write short notes on following: b.
 - i) Cross language inheritance
 - ii) Array manipulation in C#



Data Mining (P08MCA543)

Credits: 05(4:1:0) Time: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any *FIVE* full questions.

1 a.	What is data mining? Explain the knowledge discovery process in data	
	mining.	(05 Marks)
b.	Explain the different types of attributes.	(05 Marks)
c.	What are the challenges that motivated the development of data mining.	(10 Marks)
2 a.	What is data preprocessing? What are the steps involved in it? Explain	
	any two steps in detail.	(10 Marks)
b.	Discuss the dissimilarities between data objects.	(05 Marks)
c.	What are the issues related to proximity measures?	(05 Marks)
3 a.	Explain how classification is done using decision tree induction.	(10 Marks)
b.	Explain sequential covering algorithm for rule extraction.	(05 Marks)
c.	Explain any five characteristics of decision tree induction.	(05 Marks)
4 a.	Write and explain the Apriori algorithm for finding frequent itemsets.	(10 Marks)
b.	Explain the alternative methods for generating frequent itemsets.	(10 Marks)
5 a.	Explain FP-growth algorithm to find frequent itemsets.	(10 Marks)
b.	Briefly describe the compact representation of frequent itemsets.	(05 Marks)
c.	Write a note on Ripper algorithm.	(05 Marks)
6 a.	Explain K-means clustering method.	(10 Marks)
b.	Differentiate between agglomerative and devise hierarchical clustering.	(03 Marks)
c.	Explain K-nearest neighbor classifiers.	(07 Marks)
7 a.	Explain the different approaches to text mining.	(10 Marks)
b.	Write short notes on:	× ,
	i) Mining multimedia data on the web	
	ii)We b usage mining	(10 Marks)
8 a.	Give an account of the role of data mining in bio-medical and DNA	· · · ·
	analysis.	(10 Marks)
b.	How do you choose a good data mining system?	(10 Marks)
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